人社院學士班 103 學年度下學期課程大綱

科號	HSS 331300	組別		學分	3	人數限制	30
科目中文名稱	世界語言語法結構通論			教室	教室 人社 C507		
科目英文名稱	Grammatical Structures of the World's Languages						
任課教師	廖秀娟 (Dr. H	siu-chu	an Liao)				
上課時間	Thursday (四) 3:30-6:20PM						
擋修科目				擋修	分數		
課程助理		需要 不需要	В	导數		4 小時 5 小時	
	非本所課程□	需要	Н	导數		4 小時 5 小時	
		不需要					

一、課程說明

This course aims to provide students with some basic and some not-so-basic knowledge about grammatical structures commonly found in the world's languages. The overall goals are: (i) to develop the skills necessary to analyze various types of structure found in the world's languages, and (ii) to provide a general training in analytic thought.

We will begin by considering the basic tools of grammatical analysis: (i) syntactic categories (e.g. verbs, nouns, adjectives, etc.); (ii) semantic relations or thematic/semantic roles (e.g. agent, experiencer, patient or theme, goal, location, etc.); (iii) grammatical relations (e.g. subject, (direct) object, indirect object, etc.).

We will then use these tools to analyze a variety of grammatical structures or phenomena commonly found in the world's languages, including (but is NOT limited to) the following:

- (i) word order: SVO (as in English, Mandarin, Thai, Vietnamese, etc.), SOV (as in Japanese, Korean, Hindi, etc.), Verb-initial order (as in Tagalog/Filipino and most of the indigenous languages of Taiwan and the Philippines), etc.
- (ii) **case**: found in French, Spanish, Japanese, Korean, Eskimo languages, languages of Caucasus, indigenous languages of Australia, etc.
- (iii) **agreement**: found in French, Spanish, Japanese (honorific agreement only), Eskimo languages, languages of Caucasus, etc.
- (iv) **voice**: active voice, passive voice, middle voice, etc.

	(v) (constraints on) the formation of causative					
	constructions in the world's languages: lexical					
	causative, morphological causative, and syntactic					
	causative					
	(vi) (constraints on) the formation of relative clauses					
	in the world's languages					
	(vii) (constraints on) the formation of various types of questions in the world's languages					
	By the end of the course, students are expected to be able to: (i) analyze various kinds of data (from both languages that					
	they are familiar with and languages that they are unfamiliar					
	with) independently; (ii) recognize the diversity of grammatical					
	systems and their fundamental similarities.					
	***International students are welcome to attend the					
	class. The lecture will be conducted in a mixture of English					
	and Mandarin Chinese.					
二、指定用書	O'Grady, William. 2014. The syntax files: An introductory survey of basic syntactic concepts and phenomena (Version 19). Ms. [a manuscript written by Prof. William O'Grady at the University of Hawai'i]					
三、參考書籍	Aikhenvald, Alexandra Y. 2015. The art of grammar: A practical guide. Oxford: Oxford University Press.					
	Anderson, Gregory D. S. 2010. Auxiliary verb constructions. Oxford Studies in Typology and Linguistic Theory. Oxford: Oxford University Press.					
	Comrie, Bernard. 1989. <i>Language universals and linguistic typology: Syntax and morphology</i> (2 nd edition). Chicago: University of Chicago Press.					
	Croft, William. 2003. <i>Typology and universals</i> (2 nd edition). Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.					
	Delancey, Scott. 2001. Lecture notes for Ling 595KA: Functional syntax. (2001 LSA Linguistic Institute). [Downloadable on-line: http://www.uoregon.edu/~delancey/sb/fs.html]					
	Dixon, R.M.W., and Alexandra Y. Aikhenvald, eds. 2014. Adjective class: A cross-linguistic typology. Explorations in Linguistic Typology. Oxford: Oxford University Press.					
	Good, Jeff, ed. 2008. Linguistic universals and language change. Oxford: Oxford University Press.					
	Greenberg, Joseph. 1974. Language typology: A historical and analytical overview. The Hague: Walter de Gruyter, Inc.					
	Jun, Sun-Ah, ed. 2007. <i>Prosodic typology: The phonology of intonation and phrasing</i> . Oxford: Oxford University Press.					

- Jun, Sun-Ah. 2014. Prosodic typology II: The phonology of intonation and phrasing. Oxford: Oxford University Press.
- Moravcsik, Edith A. 2013. *Introducing language typology*. Cambridge Introductions to Language and Linguistics. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- Newmeyer, Frederick J. 2005. Possible and probable languages: A Generative perspective on linguistic typology. Oxford: Oxford University Press.
- Payne, Thomas E. 1997. *Describing morphosyntax: A guide for field linguists*. Cambridge, New York, and Melbourne: Cambridge University Press. (ISBN: 0-521-58224-5)
- Payne, Thomas E. 2006. Exploring language structure: A student's guide. Cambridge and New York: Cambridge University Press.
- Shopen, Timothy, ed. 2007a. *Language typology and syntactic description, Volume I: Clause structure* (2nd edition). Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- Shopen, Timothy, ed. 2007b. Language typology and syntactic description, Volume II: Complex constructions (2nd edition). Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- Shopen, Timothy, ed. 2007c. Language typology and syntactic description, Volume III: Grammatical categories and the lexicon (2nd edition). Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- Simone, Raffaele, and Francesca Masini, eds. 2014. *Word classes: Nature, typology and representations.* Current Issues in Linguistic Theory 330. Amsterdam and Philadelphia: John Benjamins Publishing Company.
- Song, Jae Jung. 2001. *Linguistic typology: Morphology and syntax*. Longman Linguistics Library. Harlow: Pearson ESL.
- Song, Jae Jung. 2013. *The Oxford handout of linguistic typology*. Oxford Handbooks in Linguistics. Oxford: Oxford University Press.
- Stump, Gregory, and Raphael A. Finkel. 2013.
 Morphological typology: From word to paradigm.
 Cambridge Studies in Linguistics. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- Tallerman, Maggie. 1998. *Understanding syntax*. Understanding Language Series. London: Arnold.
- Van Valin, Robert D. Jr. 2001. *An introduction to syntax*. Cambridge and New York: Cambridge University Press.
- Velupillai, Viveka. 2012. *An introduction to linguistic typology*. Amsterdam and Philadelphia: John Benjamins Publishing Company.
- Whaley, Lindsay J. 1997. Introduction to typology: The unity

		and divoraite	of language. Thousand Oaks London and	
	and diversity of language. Thousand Oaks, London, and New Delhi: SAGE Publications.			
	Wiltschko, Martina. 2014. <i>The universal structure of categories: Towards a formal typology</i> . Cambridge Studies in Linguistics. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.			
四、教學方式	readingui discu	nonly found in the second seco	covers various grammatical phenomena in the world's languages through a series of discussions, and 'hands-on' experience with Students are expected to participate in class ake turns in presenting their solutions to n class.	
五、教學進度	Tentative schedule			
	W1	02/26/2015	Orientation	
	W2	03/05/2015	Syntactic Categories-I: File A1 (Major Syntactic Categories) [Exercises 1-2]; File A2 (Syntactic Subcategories);	
	W3	03/12/2015	File A3 (Category Difference Across Languages) [Exercises 3-7]; Syntactic Categories-II: File A4 (Phrasal Categories) [Exercises 8-9]	
	W4	03/19/2015	File A5 (Some Other Categories); File A6 (Word Order Correlations) [Exercises 10]	
	W5	03/26/2015	Thematic Roles: File B1 (The Principal Thematic Roles) [Exercises 1-4]; File B2 (Other Thematic Roles) [Exercises 5-6]	
	W6	4/02/2015	Grammatical Relations: File C1 (Grammatical Relations); File C2 (Properties of Subjects and Objects) [Exercises 1-2];	
	W7	04/09/2015	Transitivity-I: File C3 (Intransitive Verbs) [Exercises 3-6]; Transitivity-II: File C4 (Transitive Verbs) [Exercises 7-8]; File C5 (Ditransitive verbs) [Exercises 9]	
	W8	04/16/2015	Case-I: File D1 (the Nominative-Accusative Contrast: English, Japanese, Korean, etc.); Case-II: File D2 (The Ergative-Absolutive Contrast: Australian languages, Eskimo languages, Hindi, etc.) [Exercises 1A-D]	
	W9	04/23/2015	File D3 (Active and Three-way Systems) [Exercises 1(E)-(G) and 2]; Case-III: File D4 (Other Major Cases) [Exercises 3-4]; File D5 (Case in Double Object Patterns)	
	W10	04/30/2015	Verb Complex: File K1 (Noun Incorporation); Agreement: File E1 (Subject and Object Agreement: Spanish, Latin,	

			Swahili, Japanese, Korean, etc.)	
	W11	05/07/2015	File E2 (Other Types of Agreement System: Hindi, Eskimo languages, Australian languages, Austronesian languages, etc.) [Exercises 1-2]; Voice-I: File F1 (Active vs. Passive) [Exercises 1]	
	W12	05/14/2015	File F2 (Non-Basic Passive) [Exercises 2-3]; Voice-II: File F3 (Antipassive: Australian languages, Eskimo languages, Austronesian languages); File F4 (Other Voice-Related Systems: (i) Verbal Focus: Philippine languages; (ii) Inversion: American Indian languages) [Exercises 4-5]	
	W13	05/21/2015	Relativization: File G1 (Relative Clauses); File G2 (A Relativization Hierarchy) [Exercises 1-3]; File G3 (Relativization in Ergative Languages) [Exercises 4]	
	*W1	4 05/28/2015	No Class (Conference: SEALS 25)	
	W15	06/04/2015	Causativization-I: File I1 (Types of Causativization); File I2 (Causativization of Intransitive Verbs); File I3 (Causativization of Transitive Verbs) [Exercises 1-3]	
	W16	06/11/2015	Causativization-II: File I4 (Causativization and Passivization) [Exercises 4-6]; File I5 (Syntactic Causativization); Verb Complex: File K3 (Serial Verb Constructions)	
			Wh Questions: File J1 (Wh Words and Wh questions) [Exercises 1]; File J2 (Constraint on Wh Questions)	
	W17	06/18/2015	Term project presentation	
	W18	06/25/2015	Term project due (3:30PM)	
六、成績考核	The course grade is based entirely on how well the following requirements are fulfilled; NO second chance or alternative work can be given.			
	(a) pa	articipation (1	0%)	
	 (b) in-class practice exercises and/or homework assignments (50%) (c) term project (40%) [a 3-7 page description of a grammatica phenomenon in a language of your choice] 			
	ac [<u>N</u> as su as	◆ A late homework assignment/research paper will be accepted ONLY in DOCUMENTED cases of illness or crisis. [Note: You are expected to submit your homework assignment/research paper on time (i.e. you will have to submit either a hard copy or a PDF file of your homework assignment/research paper by 3:30PM of each class meeting.]		

- ***Failure to submit practice exercises, homework assignments, and/or research paper <u>on time</u> will result in either a "low pass" or an "F" (i.e. below 60 for undergraduate students) in students' final course grade.
- ***<u>Academic honesty is highly valued by the instructor.</u>
 ***<u>Plagiarism</u> (i.e. the use of other people's words and/or ideas without giving proper citation or acknowledgement) will result in an "F" (i.e. below 60 for undergraduate students) in students' course grade. [Note: The copying of your classmate's answers to practice exercises will be considered plagiarism. Please be aware of this point.]
- Students are responsible for material and information covered in classes that they miss.

七、講義位址 http://