

## **Course syllabus**

### **Basic Information:**

*Course title (中文):* 近代物理

*Course title (English):* Modern Physics

*Instructor:* 大江昌人 (Oh-e, Masahito) ([oh-e@ee.nthu.edu.tw](mailto:oh-e@ee.nthu.edu.tw)) @台達館#838

*Language for teaching:* English

*Class time:* T7T8R7      *Location:* DELTA 台達 202

### **Course Description:**

This course offers introduction to “Modern Physics” established in the 20th century. Knowledge on “Modern Physics” is fundamental to understanding practically developed various optoelectronic contemporary devices such as transistors and lasers. The main purpose of this course is to learn fundamentals of relativity and quantum mechanics, which are representative fields beyond the concept of Newtonian mechanics. Relativity is the law for time and space and is usually concerned with high velocities comparable to the speed of light. Quantum mechanics is the law of the microscopic world for atoms, molecules and nuclei. Throughout this course, we mainly focus on learning how relativistic effects appear when dealing with high velocities, how ways of viewing materials have been developed and how materials are structured from microscopic viewpoints.

\* The course is offered in English.

### **Textbook**

“Concepts of Modern Physics”, sixth edition, by Arthur Beiser

### **Course materials:**

Available on <http://lms.nthu.edu.tw>

### **References:**

Physics for Scientists and Engineers with Modern Physics, Serway, Raymond A, 2004

Modern Physics, Randy Harris, Pearson Addison Wesley, 2008

### **Teaching Method:**

Combination of blackboard teaching with power point viewgraphs.

**Syllabus:**

Session 0: Introduction – Course guide –

- What is “Modern Physics?” – Historical view

Session 1~4: Relativity

- Special relativity; • Michelson-Morley experiment; • Postulates of special relativity;
- Time dilation; • Length contraction; • Lorentz transformation;
- Mass and energy; • Spacetime; • Twin paradox; • General relativity ...etc.

Session 5~8: Problems with classical physics – Duality of photons and electrons –

- Blackbody radiation; • Photoelectric effect; • Compton scattering effect;
- What is light? • Wave-function and density of probability;
- de Broglie matter wave; • Uncertainty principle; • Particle in a box;
- Bohr theory and atomic spectra ...etc.

Session 9~10: Atomic structure

- The nuclear atom; • Electron orbits; • Rutherford's Nuclear Atom;
- Bohr atom; • Atomic spectra; • Atomic excitation ...etc.

(Session 9: Midterm)

Session 11~12: Introduction to quantum mechanics

- One dimensional Schrödinger equation and wave-function;
- Simple model of square well potential box; • Linearity and superposition;
- Harmonic oscillator; • Operator; • Expectation value; • Tunneling phenomena ...etc.

Session 13~14: Atomic and molecular physics

- Electron orbit; • Atomic spectra;
- Three-dimensional Schrodinger equation; • Hydrogen atom; • Quantum number;

Session 15~16 Electron spin

- Spin; • Electron probability density; • Periodic law of the elements;
- Exclusion principle; • Two atomic molecule; • Hydrogen molecule;
- Bonding structures ...etc.

Others: Statistical mechanics, Solid state (If time is allowed)

- Maxwell-Boltzmann Distribution; • Bose-Einstein Distribution;
- Fermi-Dirac Distribution ...etc.
- Bonding in solids; • Free electron model; • Electrons in periodic potential;
- Band theory in solids; • Semiconductor; • Applications of semiconductor ...etc.

Session 17: Final

\*\*\* The contents and plans will be appropriately changed and adjusted during the course.

**Grading:**

Homework and class attendance & participation (30%), Midterm (30%), Final exam (40%)

\*\*\*\* This may be adjusted in the end of the semester.